

General country data

a. Figures

	DRC
Total population (millions)	77.31
Total population under UNHCR mandate	52,400
IHDI	0.28
Gender development index	0.83
Maternal mortality per 100,000 births	730
GINI Index	42.1
Social Support	0.68
INFORM RISK	7
Fragile State Index	110
Number of reported mine victims in 2017	16
Amount of aid received for mine action	8.06
Development aid funding (millions)	2599

b. Humanitarian law instruments ratified by the country

→ Ban Treaty Mine / Status:	Ratified	on
02/05/2002		
Convention on Cluster Munitions / Status:	Signed on 18/	03/2009
UN Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities / Status:	Non-member	

c. Geopolitical analysis

Most people have difficulty accessing quality health care in the Democratic Republic of Congo (DRC). The second largest nation in Africa, DRC ranks 176 out of 188 countries on the human development index. The dilapidated state of the roads and health infrastructure and the extreme poverty that affects most people have a serious impact on health across the whole of this vast country.

In addition, for more than fifteen years, the DRC has suffered a major humanitarian crisis, which affected more than 7.3 million people in 2016, of whom 6.9 million need emergency assistance,

including more than 4.2 million children. This crisis is the result of decades of local and regional instability, particularly in the country's eastern provinces. Over the years, multiple armed conflicts and inter-community violence have made the population highly vulnerable. New conflicts broke out in 2017 affecting previously touched provinces, such as the Kasai region and Tanganyika. Transport of humanitarian aid is severely disrupted by security concerns due to violence perpetrated by armed groups, and to inter-community and inter-ethnic conflicts, set against a background of heightened political instability.

HI's work in DRC

HI has worked in DRC since 1995, and in the east of the country since 2001 (weapons clearance in Kisangani, Tshopo Province), and in Goma since 2007 (rehabilitation and logistics). Since 2007, HI has implemented several projects in the fields of physical rehabilitation, victim assistance and care for vulnerable people in North Kivu, including injured and/or disabled people.

Projects

Areas of intervention	Projects	Funding bodies	Start/fin date	ish
Health: Mother and child health and Road safety	Maternal health (disability prevention, access to care for women with disabilities, community work and capacity building)	DGD	1/01/2017 to 31	
	Road safety (Public and user awareness, police training and road signs)		1/01/2017 to 31	1/12/2019
Physical and functional	Functional rehabilitation	DGD	1/01/2017 to 31	1/12/2021
rehabilitation		ECHO	1/09/2017 to 30	0/04/2018
		DGD	1/01/2017 to 31	1/12/2017
	Victim Assistance - Overarching sectors (REHAB	Humanitaire		
	capacity building, training of ORTHO technicians, mobility			
	aids, economic inclusion/micro-credit and gender		1/07/2014 to 31	1/12/2017
	advocacy)	USAID / JSI		
Education, inclusion	Improve access to inclusive education for children with	AC5 MAE	01/01/2018	to
(Inclusive education)	disabilities, especially girls in Kinshasa	Lux	31/12/2021	
Prevention and Reduction	Demining project: province by province demining to	German	01/01/2017	to
of Armed Violence	promote safe and sustainable development for	MoFA	31/12/2017	
	mine/explosive remnants of war-affected communities in DRC			
Logistics platform	Rapid Mobile Response Team	Humanitarian	01/01/2017	to
		Fund	31/12/2017	
		DDC	01/12/2017	to
	ARNA: Airstrip rehabilitation needs assessment /		30/10/2018	
	Improve humanitarian access to conflict-affected people	DCC		
	in DRC		01/01/2017	to
			31/11/2017	
	Logistics platform	OFDA	01/03/2018	to
		Humanitarian	30/09/2018	
		Fund		
			01/06/2016	to
			31/04/2017	
			01/06/2017	to
			31/05/2018	
Essential needs	Food security	USAID	27/09/2017	to
		FFP	30/09/2018	

Protection against abuse	Protection / Psychosocial support	Humanitarian	01/06/2017 to
and violence		Fund	30/02/2018
		ECHO /	1/09/2017 to 31/05/2018
		CDCS	
Justice, community and	Inclusion Technical Unit (ITU)	Humanitarian	01/01/2017 to
political involvement		Fund	31/12/2017
	Disability Data		
	DPO support (advocacy and capacity-building of DPOs)	DFID	01/02/2017 to
		DGD	31/05/2018
			1/01/2017 to 31/12/2021

DGD



MAE Luxembourg



Directorate for Development Cooperation and Humanitarian Affairs

USAID



DDC



Schweizerische Eidgenossenschaft Confédération suisse Confederazione Svizzera Confederaziun svizra

Direction du développement et de la coopération DDC

DFID





German MoFA



ECHO



Humanitarian Aid and Civil Protection

Humanitarian Fund





Fonds Humanitaire RDC

HI Staff in DRC



The DRC programme has a team of more than 120 people.

Ongoing projects: service sectors where HI leads projects and focuses on operational partnerships

Service sectors	Goals	Types of response by actor	Beneficiaries	Partners	Location
Justice, community and political involvement	Strengthen the participation of people with disabilities, their families and representative organisations (DPOs) in society and promote their involvement in advancing their rights Enhance inclusion of the most vulnerable people in humanitarian assistance in eastern DRC and Grand Kasai.	 Support self-assessment participatory process preliminary to developing a training plan Organise inclusive training courses on managing organisations and organisational capacities, disability issues, sign language, awareness-raising, advocacy and coaching information Regular exchanges of experience (information and good practices) between DPOs Close support for DPOs Participatory situational analysis and support to identify disabled people in areas where the project works Information access support: mapping of available community services, workshop to implement an information-sharing strategy, training of community leaders on information sharing and community awareness of disability and CBR Support to train self-help groups and training on "peer-to-peer support" Support to implement innovative community-based projects Support to define and implement a common advocacy strategy Support DPOs to share CRPD and make it accessible to the authorities Support to implement a common advocacy strategy and to set up mechanisms enabling DPOs to use CRPD and other legal instruments Support provincial advocacy initiatives in synergy with MCH and REHAB projects Support humanitarian actors and affected communities to promote the inclusion and access of the most vulnerable people to humanitarian response through the Technical Inclusion Unit (TIS) 	Direct beneficiaries: 3,140 people (1576W/1564M) Indirect beneficiaries: All disabled people living in the area where the project is implemented and DRC more generally Direct beneficiaries:	ANAPEHMCO ASSOUKIN PADPHAC UNAC	Kinshasa

		,	Direct beneficiaries of this project are		
			humanitarian organisations in the targeted area.		
					Goma and Grand Kasai
Prevention and reduction of armed violence	Prevent and reduce armed violence	Humanitarian demining	Direct beneficiaries: - 7,000 people directly affected by mines/ERW in the three CHAs around Kisangani: Bangboka, Batiakanga, Batiabombe (AFRILAM estimate 2015). Depending on CCLAM/UNMAS task orders, areas to be cleared and number of associated beneficiaries may vary. Communities directly affected by mines/ERWs in CHAs located in the intervention area (depending on CCLAM/UNMAS task orders). 22 AFRILAM employees will directly benefit from the capacity-building actions planned as part of the project. Indirect beneficiaries: Total population of mine/ERW-affected areas in the intervention area, approximately: 3,620,000	AFRILAM	Tshopo, Haut-Uélé and Bas- Uélé, Ituri
	Puilding on expersion developed	Supervice orthogoadic workshops managed by a copier III orthogoadic	people	MCE D. L.: /ICDC	NI II IZ
Physical and functional rehabilitatio n service	Building on synergies developed between projects (MCH, REHAB and support to DPOs), enable people with disabilities to benefit from care services and increase their involvement and self-reliance in daily life.	 Supervise orthopaedic workshops managed by a senior HI orthopaedic technician Support orthopaedic training for grant-holding students Train rehabilitation professionals Train disability and rehabilitation community workers Equip physiotherapy services in Makala general referral hospital (GRH), and health centres working with the two GRHs. Support rehabilitation case-management and then case-management model development Advanced case-management strategy in Kinshasa via mobile clinics during first year (2017) Visits and exchange of practices with other CBR programmes Support community awareness-raising activities implemented by peer groups Train and support self-help groups Support DPOs to implement participation activities and community mobilisation to facilitate service access (e.g. rehabilitation care, education 	Direct beneficiaries (ECHO+CDCS): 1000 beneficiaries, as follows: - 650 people in need of physical and functional rehabilitation care in identified health facilities. Of whom 550 conflict victims will benefit from psychosocial care; - additional 250 crisis-affected people in communities will also benefit from psychosocial care; - 50 health workers will benefit from capacity-building training: 30 medical and paramedical staff working in the physiotherapy field will benefit from physical and functional rehabilitation training; 20 medical and paramedical staff working in the psychosocial support field will benefit from psychosocial support training;	MSF Belgium / ICRC MSF Belgium Provincial Ministry of Health Provincial Directorate of Health (DPS) Kinshasa, Central Kasai and Kasai Tshikaji Hospital	North Kivu Kasai Central Kasai Kinshasa

	·			
	etc.)	- 50 key community actors will benefit from initial		
		psychological relief training.		
		Direct beneficiaries (DGD):		
Training, economic empowerment, assistive technology and physical rehabilitation services	-Train rehabilitation service staff (orthopaedic, stroke, mobility aid training etc.) - Provide micro-credits, social and economic support, professional and management training, awareness-raising activities - Mobility aids (deliveries of assistive devices and wheelchairs, equipment donations) - Develop rehabilitation policy - Implement multidisciplinary approach in hospitals and rehabilitation management system	Direct beneficiaries (DGD): 2,726 (1,336 male/1,390 female) including 360 children • 360 children (166 male/194 female) and 288 adults (130 men/158 women) with disabilities • 432 community focal points (212 men/220 women) • 43 nurses (294 men/22 women) • 16 orthopaedic technicians (7 men/9 women) • 43 physiotherapists working in project partner GRHs (21 men/22 women) • 36 members (18 men/18 women) of the Health Zone Management teams • 1,796 parents of disabled children in both provinces (1225 men/1275 women) Indirect beneficiaries (DGD): 962,379 people in the community reached by awareness messages conveyed by community focal points and opinion leaders Training beneficiaries: • Hospital staff: doctors and nurses: 60 (30M/30W) • Physiotherapists 100 (50/50) • P & O students 10 (5/5) • Mobile aid staff 30 (23/7) • DPO staff training 20 (5/15) • Training sessions to advocate for gender equality 200 (80/120) TOTAL 420 (193/227) Beneficiaries of services/ecological education: • PT beneficiaries: 1500 (650/850)	10 local and international partners and stakeholders: - Congo organisation of orthoprosthet ic technicians (ATOC)	Kinshasa Kananga
			(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	

		The reactaining There rays NDC 20			
			 Orthoses users: 150 (90/60) Mobility aid users: 650 (160/240) Ecological self-reliance beneficiaries: 400 (80/320) TOTAL: 2450 (980/1470) 	- HPGRK - DPS - ISPO - ISSS-CR - JSI - LIPAPHA - ODD - RSF - UDB - UKC - HOKI - CNP - CISP	
Prevention and health service	MCH: Integrate prevention, detection and case-management of MNCH-related impairments for mothers and children aged 0-5 years into the existing healthcare system	-Quarterly working sessions with the community for community diagnosis and community feedback -Train and retrain community focal points, opinion leaders, women role models, people with disabilities by training pool facilitators -Workshop to develop and validate awareness tools -Mass awareness-raising campaigns coupled with routine awareness-raising during home visits by community focal points -Multiply and distribute data collection tools -Community exchange and support meetings (community focal points, care providers, women's clubs representatives) -Support functioning of development committees and women's clubs and organise awareness-raising activities -Train and retrain healthcare providers in maternal and child health care in normal and emergency situations as well as in hospital waste managementProvide obstetric and paediatric equipment and materials - Support continuous training and supervision of health care providers - Participation in hospital management platform to improve access to care	MCH direct beneficiaries: - 17,419 people (1000 M/16,944 W) • 15,944 pregnant women • 1000 female club models • 15 opinion leaders (15M/10W) • 60 people with disabilities (29M/31W)3 • 40 (10M/30W) health care providers (doctors, midwifery nurses and pre- and postnatal consultation nurses) • 30 members (20M/10W) of the health zone management team (ECZS) • 10 members (5M/5W) of provincial reproductive health trainers pool • 4 community coordinators and some 60 community focal points in partner health zones (30M/32W) MCH indirect beneficiaries:	Provincial Ministry of Health	Kinshasa
		- Organise training of NGO/NPO road safety trainers -Facilitate technical road safety training courses -Organise NGO training in information/awareness-raising/advocacy techniques on controlling drink driving -Support awareness-raising of public transport drivers on the consequences of drink driving -Support NGO advocacy with the authorities on implementing regulations authorising random drink-driving tests	75,735 children under 5 (37110M/38625F) and 23,110 women of childbearing age (number reached in 2014-2016 readjusted by twice the growth coefficient of 1.2% for 5 years) and 7462 men (idem)	CNPR (National Road Safety Board),	Kinshasa

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	-Develop awareness-raising tools		DGEF (Schools and
	-Train traffic police on the highway code and how to enforce it		Training General
	-Raise awareness of road traffic police on the behaviour to adopt during		Directorate) and
	random drink-driving tests and road regulation checks		OCLAREF
	-Support road improvements in Limete district		
		RS direct beneficiaries:	
		2663 people (1318M/1345W)	
		182 members (109M/73W) of local road	
RS: Reduce the risk of road		safety NGOs and the drivers' organisation	
accidents due to drink driving		• 2122 ACCO member drivers	
in synergy with NGOs, the		(1910M/212W)	
police and the CNPR (national		128 officers (90M/38W) of traffic police	
road safety commission) in the		force (PCR)	
district of Limete		5 members of the steering committee and	
		126 members of the Ministry of Transport	
		and Communication, the Minister's Office	
		and the CNPR (89M/37W)	
		50. " «	
		RS indirect beneficiaries:	
		164.017 (00.000M/04.100M/)	
		164,917 (80,809M/84,108W) vulnerable users	
		(pedestrians, public transport passengers ("207"	
		and motorcycle taxis) and people	
		with disabilities, children and older people) and	
		people living near streets or roads with particularly	
		heavy traffic	
		1.24E.011 abilduon novembe andit	
		1,345,011 children, parents and community	
		members in Kinshasa province	

ln	clusive	
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Improve access to inclusive education particularly for girls in Kinshasa

- -Community awareness-raising
- -Strengthen teacher skills
- -Improve physical accessibility of school infrastructure
- Improve advocacy on the education of children with disabilities
- -Create links between rehabilitation and education for child beneficiaries
- -Develop primary-post-primary educational continuum

Direct beneficiaries

- Children with disabilities in primary schools (249 pupils with disabilities of primary school age, including 103 girls)
- Teachers and other education personnel (196 teachers and directors in 10 schools; 40 SERNAFOR inspectors from the four district involved in the project)
- Representatives of various MEPSP (Ministry of Primary, Secondary and Vocational Education) departments and services
- Parents of children with disabilities
- The 7 community rehabilitation committees (CRCs)
- Parent committees. An annual meeting will bring together members of 10 parent committees to exchange best practices and make recommendations to the steering and monitoring committees. Twice a year, members of parent committees from the same educational province will meet to share and discuss problems and good practices in order to assess their skills and capacities to advocate for inclusion to a wider audience.

Indirect beneficiaries:

- Children without disabilities (6,352 students from the 10 partner schools, including 3260 girls)
- Children, parents (13,178 parents of students from the 10 partner schools) and community members in Kinshasa province: improved knowledge and awareness of the importance of educating children with disabilities.
- All teachers, school heads and inspectors in Kinshasa province.
- All MEPSP staff.

MINESP EPSP RCRC Comcon The Education Cluster Consultation framework for Belgian-Congolese aid actors Coalition Nationale Education pour Tous/RDC

(CONEPT/RDC)

Kinshasa

		The redefaction of telephone 20			
			 All NGOs members of the Education cluster: The education cluster will provide them with information on the needs of children with disabilities. 		
Logistics platform	Improve humanitarian access	-Rehabilitate road danger zones, -Rehabilitate minor road infrastructure, -Assess airstrips, -Rehabilitate an airstrip, -Road transport, -Warehousing	Humanitarian actors (INGOs, local NGOs, UN agencies, international organisations)	Humanitarian actors and Logistics Cluster FONER Civil aviation actors	North Kivu Kasai Central Kasai
Essential needs	Reduce food insecurity	Food distribution: improve short-term food security for conflict-affected populations in Kasai.	Direct beneficiaries: 8,500 families or 51,000 people (50% men and 50% women)		Central Kasai
Protection against abuse and violence	Protect against abuse and violence	Protection/PSS in Kasai: Armed conflict-affected people benefit from quality rehabilitation care and psychosocial support adapted to their needs: Organise rehabilitation sessions for people with functional limitations in three health structures supported during the project Physical and functional rehabilitation care of injured people Psychosocial support Training of HI staff in early rehabilitation Training of HI staff in psychosocial support Care or referral of people in need of psychosocial support Improve the psychological well-being of conflict victims	Direct beneficiaries: - 900 individuals - 3 organisations Direct beneficiaries (CDCS): - 1000 people (650 rehabilitation, 250 PSS, 50 health staff, 20 medical and paramedical staff, 50 key community members) Direct beneficiaries (DGD Humanitaire): 3540 individuals - 1800 community awareness-raising beneficiaries - 1620 beneficiaries of psychosocial or physical rehabilitation care - 120 capacity-building beneficiaries (HGR and CSR) - 90 staff in healthcare facilities trained in physical rehabilitation	ACF (consortium)	Central Kasai Kasai

2785 individuals	
- 1000 direct beneficiaries of initial	
psychological relief, including 400 referrals	
- 1600 participants in community	
awareness-raising activities	
- 150 community focal points supported and	
trained	
- 35 staff members in psychosocial support	
roles	